Common Chickweed
(Stellaria media)

Seed production can start as early as 5 weeks after germination

Can continue to produce seeds for months

Seeds can be dormant in the soil for 10 years

Seeds require light to germinate

Shallow fibrous root system - difficult to pull which promotes regrowth from broken stems.

Uprooted plants can continue to produce seeds and even reroot itself

Henbit
(Lamium amplexicaule)

Can be a good source of pollen and nectar for early pollintors like honeybees and bumblebees

Can produce up to 200 seeds per plant

Seeds require light to germinate

Can have either an upright or low lying growth habit making it tricky to simply "mow over"

Shallow taproot when young which can be easy to pull

Develops fibrous root system as it matures, making it harder to remove over time

Hairy Bittercress
(Cardamine lisulta)

Germinates in the fall and waits until colder temperatures to send up flowers and go to seed

Seed pods form a tight coil as they develop and become highly sensitive to touch

Seeds can be expelled as much as three feet away from the original plant utilizing "ballistic dispersal strategy"

Rossette growth habit low to the ground.